

# Breakout rooms

---

- Now go to one of the following breakout rooms

You can swap later. Material from all rooms (1-5) will be provided later.

1. Relic density (standard)

→ 2. Relic density (dark sector, coupled Boltzmann eqs.)

3. Gamma-ray (and other CR) spectra

4. J-factors

5. Neutrino signals

6. General technical support [installation/coding/shell usage/...]

- You can **start right away** with problem I and II above...

See also the **link** to the tutorial from the ISAPP homepage



**Actively help each other while Joakim and me go around !**

# Dark Sector relic density

- Let's have a look at one of the example programs, demonstrating relic density calculations in secluded dark sectors

## Problem III:

**Copy** `examples/aux/oh2_dark_sector.f` **to your private directory**

- Make sure that you can compile and run this main program**
- Try to understand what the program does, and how**
- Produce a plot corresponding to one of the curves in Fig. 1 of 2007.03696.**
- Replace `dsrdxi` to explore the effect of a constant dark sector to visible sector temperature ratio**
- Replace `dsgivemodel_vdSIDM...` to explore the effect of changing the dark sector particle content (masses and d.o.f.)**

# Coupled Boltzmann equations

- Let's have a look at one of the example programs, demonstrating the use of coupled Boltzmann equations for the Scalar Singlet model

## Problem IV:

**Copy** `examples/aux/ScalarSinglet_RD_cBE.f` **to your private directory**

- Make sure that you can compile and run this main program**
- Try to understand what the program does, and how**
- Produce a plot corresponding to one of the curves in Fig. 3 of [1706.07433](#).**
- Try to modify the program such that it can be linked to the `generic_wimp` module instead**
- Replace `generic_wimp/kd/dskdm2.f` and `generic_wimp/an/dsanwax.f` such that you get a difference between cBE and the standard approach**

## Hints :

- The simplest way to ensure early kinetic decoupling is to make `dskdm2` return just a power law in the SM particle energy, with an (ad hoc) small coefficient. As for `dsanwx`, you could e.g. multiply a Breit-Wigner resonance to the present output.**